## FILE 'REGISTRY'

- L1 5 S (K AND AL AND B AND O)/ELS AND 4/ELC.SUB
- L2 1 S 88160-55-8/RN

## FILE 'HCAPLUS'

- L3 317 S K2AL2B2O7 OR KAB OR KABO
- L4 30541 S PATASSIUM(A)ALUMINUM(W)BORATE OR BORIC(W)AC ID
- L5 164330 S NONLINEAR? OR NON(W)LINEAR?
- L6 1744244 S CRYSTAL?
- L7 689693 S OPTICAL
- L8 883714 S LED OR LIGHT(A)EMIT? OR LUMINANCE OR LUMINESCENCE OR PHOTOLUMIN? OR ILLUMIN? OR ILLUMIN? OR ILLUMINE?

## OR LASER OR PLD OR OPTIC

- L9 21 S L1 OR L2
- L10 30840 S (L3 OR L4) NOT L9
- L11 2813 S L10 AND L6
- L12 205 S L11 AND L8
- L13 43 S L5 AND L12
- L14 40 S L3 AND L6
- L15 22 S L14 NOT (L9 OR L13)
- L16 30566 S POTASSIUM(A)ALUMINUM(W)BORATE OR BORIC(W)AC ID
- L17 2809 S L16 AND L6
- L18 208 S L17 AND L8
- L19 82 S L18 AND L7
- L20 41 S L19 AND L5
- L21 0 S L20 NOT (L9 OR L13 OR L14)
- L22 725 S L4 AND L7
- L23 227 S L22 AND L6
- L24 77 S L23 AND L5
- L25 41 S L24 NOT (L9 OR L13 OR L14)
- L26 40 S L3 AND L6
- L27 0 S L26 NOT (L9 OR L13 OR L14 OR L26)
- L28 10 S K(N)AL(W)(BO OR BORATE OR B)

```
ANSWER 1 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L25
    2002:803568 HCAPLUS
AN
    138:128307
DN
    Origin of near-ultraviolet absorption of nonlinear BBO
TΙ
    crystals
    Antsygin, Valery D.; Dashevsky, O. Yu.; Solntsev, V. P.; Mashkovtsev, R.
ΑU
    I.; Tsvetkov, Eugene G.
    Institute of Automation and Electrometry/Siberian Branch, Novosibirsk,
CS
    630090, Russia
    Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
SO
    (2002), 4751 (Nonlinear Optical Phenomena and Nonlinear Dynamics of Optical
    Systems), 247-251
    CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
    SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
PB
    Journal
DT
LA
    English
    Defects in nonlinear optical Ba metaborate
AΒ
    crystals were studied by optical spectroscopy and
    thermally activational methods. Low-temp. absorption peaks were obsd. at
    all samples. The dependence of these peaks upon cryst. phase
    and type of the flux used while growing is low. This fact indicates that
    intrinsic defects play the leading role in absorption origination. While
    growing BBO crystals by TSSG technique, defects, which form deep
    electron-type traps in the forbidden gap, are generated.
             THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 18
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 2 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L25
    2002:561980 HCAPLUS
AN
    137:85717
DN
    Nonlinear optical crystal of large-size
TΙ
    high-temp zinc borophosphate and its preparation and use
    Wu, Yicheng; Wang, Guofu; Fu, Peizhen; Xu, Zuyan; Chen, Chuangtian
ΙN
    Low-Temp Technique Experiment Center, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop.
PΑ
    Rep. China
    Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 10 pp.
SO
    CODEN: CNXXEV
DT
    Patent
    Chinese
I.A
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                         -----
    CN 1320725 A 20011107
                                         CN 2000-106163 20000427
PRAI CN 2000-106163
                          20000427
    Nonlinear optical crystals are described by
    the general formula .beta.-Zn3BPO7, are transparent in the region 250-2500
    nm, and have nonlinear coeff. d22 = 0.69 \text{ pm/V}, no > ne, and Mohs
    hardness 5.0. Methods of prepg. the materials are described which entail
    mixing compds. contg. Zn, B and P (mole ratio of Zn:B:P = 3:1:1), milling,
    melting in a crucible for 1-24 h, cooling to 1-5.degree. above the m.p.;
    and growing the .beta.-Zn3BPO7 crystal using crystal
    seeds, and annealing to 550-650.degree. at .ltoreq.120.degree./h. The
    Zn-contg. precursor may be selected from ZnO, zinc chloride, zinc
    carbonate, zinc nitrate, zinc oxalate, and zinc borate. The B-contg.
    precursor may be selected from boric acid and boron
    oxide. The P-contg. precursor may be selected from phosphorus oxide,
    ammonium dihydrogen phosphate, and ammonium hydrogen phosphate. Use of
    the crystals in frequency converters (esp. frequency doublers)
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and optical parametric oscillators is also described.

```
ANSWER 3 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2002:492798 HCAPLUS
AN
    137:161028
DN
     Experimental preparation of Werner state via spontaneous parametric
ΤI
     down-conversion
     Zhang, Yong-Sheng; Huang, Yun-Feng; Li, Chuan-Feng; Guo, Guang-Can
ΑU
     Lab. Quantum Information, Univ. Sci. Technology China, Hefei, 230026,
CS
     Peop. Rep. China
    Los Alamos National Laboratory, Preprint Archive, Quantum Physics (2002)
SO
     1-12, arXiv:quant-ph/0206166, 24 Jun 2002
    CODEN: LNQPF4
    URL: http://xxx.lanl.gov/pdf/quant-ph/0206166
PΒ
    Los Alamos National Laboratory
DT
    Preprint
    English
LA
     The authors present an expt. of prepg. Werner state via spontaneous
AΒ
     parametric down-conversion and controlled decoherence of photons.
     expt. two independent BBO (beta-Ba borate) crystals were used to
     produce down-conversion light beams, which are mixed to prep. Werner
     state.
              THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 33
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 4 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L25
     2002:401184 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     137:192325
DN
     Cracking mechanism in CLBO crystals at room temperature
TΙ
     Pan, Feng; Wang, Xiaoqing; Shen, Guangqiu; Shen, Dezhong
ΑU
     Department of Chemistry, Tsinghua University, Beijing, 100084, Peop. Rep.
CS
     China
     Journal of Crystal Growth (2002), 241(1-2), 129-134
SO
     CODEN: JCRGAE; ISSN: 0022-0248
PB
     Elsevier Science B.V.
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
    CsLiB6010 (CLBO) single crystals tend to crack at room temp. in
AB
     an ambient air atm., which has limited their use in device applications.
     The cracking of high-quality CLBO crystals results from the
     anisotropic corrosive effect of H2O vapor in the ambient atm.
     directional attack by H2O mols. at the crystal surface was
     related to its crystal structure. The crystal quality
     of CLBO influences the crack propagation velocity.
             THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 6
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L25 ANSWER 5 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2002:325062 HCAPLUS
AN
     137:70719
DN
    Lithium borodilactate
ΤI
     Dhanuskodi, S.; Angeli Mary, P. A.; Thamotharan, S.; Parthasarathi, V.
ΑU
CS
     Department of Physics, Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli, 620 024,
SO
     Acta Crystallographica, Section E: Structure Reports Online (2002),
     E58(5), m212-m214
     CODEN: ACSEBH; ISSN: 1600-5368
     URL: http://journals.iucr.org/e/issues/2002/05/00/cf6157/cf6157.pdf
PB
    International Union of Crystallography
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LA English

AB Crystals of the title compd. are monoclinic, space group P21, with a 6.7089(16), b 12.0650(15), c 11.0782(16) .ANG., .beta.

Journal; (online computer file)

DT

97.472(17).degree.; Z = 2 (2 mols./Z), dc = 1.448, dm = 1.40; R = 0.028, Rw(F2) = 0.079 for 1655 reflections. The asym. unit consists of two Li borodilactate moieties. Li+ cations are tetracoordinated by O atoms of the borodilactate anions. The Li-O distances range from 1.907(5) to 2.050(5) .ANG.. The trivalent B is tetrahedrally coordinated by four O atoms of the borodilactate moieties. B makes two short and two long covalent bonds with O atoms, and the distances range from 1.430(3) to 1.507(3) .ANG.. This compd. exhibits nonlinear optical properties, combined with good chem. stability.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L25 ANSWER 6 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2002:92077 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:288072
- $ilde{ t TI}$  A Chiral Lead Borate Containing Infinite and Finite Chains Built up from BO4 and BO3 Units
- AU Yu, Zhen-Tao; Shi, Zhan; Jiang, Yu-Sheng; Yuan, Hong-Ming; Chen, Jie-Sheng
- CS State Key Laboratory of Inorganic Synthesis and Preparative Chemistry, Department of Chemistry, Jilin University, Changchun, 130023, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Chemistry of Materials (2002), 14(3), 1314-1318 CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- With a hydrothermal technique, a novel chiral lead borate (Pb6B11018(OH)9) was prepd. The sample was characterized by powder x-ray diffraction, IR spectroscopy, energy-dispersive spectroscopy, thermal anal., and 2nd-harmonic generation powder measurement. The structure of the compd., which crystallizes in the trigonal space group P32 with a 11.7691(7) and c 13.3361(12) .ANG. was solved by single-crystal x-ray diffraction anal. There exist infinite helical chains and finite chain fragments built up from B04 and B03 units. In the compd. the Pb2+cations are located in the space between adjacent polyborate anionic chains, compensating the neg. charges of the chains. The chiral feature of the lead borate is unique, and because it lacks symmetry center, the compd. exhibits distinct NLO properties.
- RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 7 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2002:78771 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:288048
- TI New nonlinear-optical Pb3(OH)[B9016][B(OH)3] crystal with the zeolite-like nonaborate framework, its place in systematization, and structure-genetic relation to PbB407
- AU Belokoneva, E. L.; Stefanovich, S. Yu; Borisova, T. A.; Dimitrova, O. V.
- CS Mosk. Gos. Univ. im. M. V. Lomonosova, Moscow, Russia
- SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (2001), 46(11), 1788-1794 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X
- PB MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- AB The conditions for the hydrothermal prepn. were studied and crystal structure of Pb3(OH)[B9016][B(OH)3] (I) were detd.

  Crystal data: trigonal, space group P31c, a 10.07(2), c 8,530(7)

  .ANG., R = 0.0441, Rw = 0.0462. The building units of a new type of cage [B9016]5- are polar nonaborate groups, consisting of 6 tetrahedra ([B6016]14-) and 3 triangular cages, suggesting a crown. The crystals of I have a higher optical nonlinearity

than that for PbB407. When I was heated to .apprx.600.degree., it was converted to PbB407.

- L25 ANSWER 8 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:893061 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:128036
- TI A new sodium samarium borate Na3Sm2(BO3)3
- AU Zhang, Guochun; Wu, Yicheng; Fu, Peizhen; Wang, Guofu; Liu, Hongjun; Fan, Guo; Chen, Chuangtian
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Journal of Physics and Chemistry of Solids (2001), Volume Date 2002, 63(1), 145-149
  CODEN: JPCSAW; ISSN: 0022-3697
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Anew Na Sm borate Na3Sm2(BO3)3 (NSBO) was synthesized by high temp. solid state reaction. The yellowish transparent single **crystals** of Na3Sm2(BO3)3 were grown from the Na2CO3-H3BO3 flux system using the top-seeded soln. growth (TSSG) method. X-ray diffraction anal. demonstrated that the NSBO **crystals** belong to orthorhombic systems and lattice parameters are a 5.0585, b 11.0421, c 7.0316 .ANG.. The measurement of the IR spectrum indicated that the basic anionic groups are the BO33- groups. Also, Na3Sm2(BO3)3 exhibits an **optical** 2nd harmonic generation effect which is close to that of KDP (KH2PO4).
- RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 9 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:890559 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:109639
- TI Synchrotron-radiation topographic study on defects in nonlinear optical crystal CBO
- AU Xu, Zi-jie; Wu, Yi-cheng; Fu, Pei-zhen; Wang, Jun-xin; Jiang, Jian-hua; Tian, Yu-lian
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Rengong Jingti Xuebao (2001), 30(4), 379-382 CODEN: RJXUEN; ISSN: 1000-985X
- PB Rengong Jingti Xuebaoshe
- DT Journal
- LA Chinese
- AB CsB305 (CBO) crystals were grown by Kyropoulos methods from Cs2CO3 and H3BO3 as initial materials. The growth defects in CBO crystal at (001), (010), and (100) directions were studied by synchrotron radiation x-ray topog. The main defects in CBO crystals were growth layers, and the main cause of the growth defects were the shaky thermal convection and oscillation of temp., which brought about the change of microcosmic growth rate with the time and the disarrangement of particles on the surface of crystals.
- L25 ANSWER 10 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:854129 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:93055
- TI Anisotropy of two-photon absorption in BBO at 264 nm
- AU Isaenko, Ludmila I.; Dragomir, Adrian; McInerney, John G.; Nikogosyan, David N.
- CS Siberian Branch, Design and Technological Institute of Monocrystals, Russian Academy of Sciences, Novosibirsk, 630058, Russia
- SO Optics Communications (2001), 198(4-6), 433-438

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CODEN: OPCOB8; ISSN: 0030-4018
     Elsevier Science B.V.
PΒ
     Journal
DT
LA
     English
     Femtosecond pulses at .lambda.=264 nm were used to measure the two-photon
AB
     absorption (TPA) coeff. in .beta.-BaB2O4 (BBO) crystal.
     Nonlinear absorption in BBO depends significantly on
     crystal cut and/or beam polarization. For an ordinary beam
     propagating along the optical axis (.dblvert.c) and
     perpendicular to it (.perp.c) the similar values of TPA coeff. were
     obtained, (68 .+-. 6).times.10-11 and (66 .+-. 7).times.10-11 cm/W. For an
     extraordinary beam (.perp.c) the TPA coeff. is significantly smaller, (47
     .+-. 5).times.10-11 cm/W.
              THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 17
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 11 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L25
     2001:825108 HCAPLUS
AN
     136:76846
DN
     Second-order nonlinear optical properties of
TI
     solution-derived c-axis oriented .beta.-BaB2O4 thin films
     Kobayashi, Takeshi; Ogawa, Ryo; Matsuda, Hirofumi; Miyazawa, Kun'ichi;
ΑU
     Kuwabara, Makoto
     Department of Materials Science, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, 113-8656,
CS
     Japan
     Key Engineering Materials (2002), 216(Electroceramics in Japan IV), 97-100
SO
     CODEN: KEMAEY; ISSN: 1013-9826
PΒ
     Trans Tech Publications Ltd.
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     Thin films of .beta.-BBO with (001) orientation were successfully
AΒ
     fabricated on SiO2/Si and fused quartz substrates from solns. of Ba
     acetate and boric acid. The films were characterized
     by x-ray diffractometry, IR spectroscopy, and SEM. In the 1st stage of
     crystn., nuclei that promote the (001) orientation are formed
     before the formation of (B306)3-. The nuclei of the (001) orientation are
     expected to be the Ba lattice. The obtained films with (001) preferred
     orientation showed a good surface morphol. with no cracks and pores, whose
     thickness were .apprx.250 nm.
RE.CNT 12
              THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 12 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L25
     2001:760975 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     136:76732
TΙ
     Spectral characterization of second harmonic .chi.(2) cascading phenomena
     Olivie, G.; Caumes, J.-P.; Cussat Blanc, S.; Freysz, E.; Bourgeade, A.
ΑU
     Cent. de Physique Mol. Optique et Hertzienne, UMR 5798, Univ. Bordeaux 1,
CS
     Talence, 33405, Fr.
SO
     Optics Express [online computer file] (2001), 9(4), 172-177
     CODEN: OPEXFF; ISSN: 1094-4087
     URL: http://www.opticsexpress.org./oearchive/pdf/34723.pdf
РΒ
     Optical Society of America
DT
     Journal; (online computer file)
LA
     English
     The 2nd harmonic generation in a thin .beta.-Ba borate crystal
AB
     is used to measure .chi.(2) cascading phenomena in the spectral domain.
     The harmonic generation is induced by 2 pulses produced by spectrally
     filtering a femtosecond pulse and centered at the wavelength
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.lambda.-.DELTA..lambda. and .lambda.+.DELTA..lambda.. New spectral components appear in spectral d. of both the fundamental and harmonic

pulses. High order cascading phenomena are evidenced. In good agreement with theor. predictions, for large phase mismatch the evolution of the spectra demonstrates the competition between cascaded .chi.(2) and .chi.(3) phenomena.

RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L25 ANSWER 13 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:733081 HCAPLUS
- DN 136:12405
- TI A new nonlinear optical material-Na3Sm2(BO3)3
- AU Zhang, Guo-chun; Wu, Yi-cheng; Fu, Pei-zhen; Wang, Guo-fu; Guo, Fan; Chen, Chuang-tian
- CS Dep. of Chem., Univ. of Sci. and Technol. of China, Hefei, 230026, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Rengong Jingti Xuebao (2001), 30(3), 227-231 CODEN: RJXUEN; ISSN: 1000-985X
- PB Rengong Jingti Xuebaoshe
- DT Journal
- LA Chinese
- AB A new nonlinear optical material Na3Sm2(BO3)3 was synthesized by solid reaction method. The yellowish transparent single crystals of Na3Sm2(BO3)3 were grown by suspending Pt wire method. The typical crystal size was .apprx.3 mm x 2 mm x 0.5 mm. X-ray diffraction anal. showed that it belongs to orthorhombic systems and lattice parameters a 0.50585, b 1.10421, c 0.70316 nm. The measurement of the IR spectrum indicated that the basic anionic group is the BO33- group. By the optical 2nd harmonic generation (SHG) measurements Na3Sm2 (BO3)3 exhibits nonlinear optical effect which is close to that of KDP.
- L25 ANSWER 14 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:600667 HCAPLUS
- DN 135:144491
- TI Orthorhombic monohydrated dicalcium hexaborate as nonlinear optical crystal and its growth process and application
- IN Guo, Fan; Fu, Peizhen; Wang, Junxin; Yang, Zhiping; Wu, Yicheng
- PA Chinese Science and Technology Univ., Peop. Rep. China
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV
- DT Patent
- LA Chinese
- FAN CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
		<del>-</del>						
PΙ	CN 1279306	А	20010110	CN 1999-110079	19990705			
	CN 1084400	В	20020508					
PRAI	CN 1999-110079		19990705					

- AB A method for hydrothermal crystal growth of 2CaO.3B2O3.H2O entails adding CaO and H3BO3 in the molar ratio of 1:3-8 to a high-pressure reactor, charging water to 30-80 vol.% of the reactor, feeding seed crystal, sealing, holding at 250-300.degree. for > 2 d in a furnace, cooling, and washing. Use of the crystals and nonlinear optical crystals (e.g., for frequency doubling) is also described.
- L25 ANSWER 15 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:539280 HCAPLUS
- DN 135:249068
- TI Theoretical analysis of noncollinear phase-matched optical parametric generation in BBO crystal

- AU Pang, Dongqing; Zhang, Ruobing; Sun, Jinghua; Wang, Qingyue
- CS Optoelectronic Information Science and Technology Lab, College of Precision Instruments and Optoelectronics Engineering, Tianjin University, Tianjin, 300072, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Optics & Laser Technology (2001), 33(4), 32249-254 CODEN: OLTCAS; ISSN: 0030-3992
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The authors propose a theor. treatment of noncollinear phase-matched femtosecond parametric interaction process pumped by ultrashort optical pulses, and studied the pulse characteristics of OPG in BBO crystal. The results show that the major factors, which affect the optical parametric conversion coeff. and durations of the pulses, are the group velocity mismatch and the phase mismatch among the 3 ultra-short pulses. In addn., the material dispersion can cause the durations of the pulses to increase when pump pulse is <20 fs, and its influence becomes more obvious at low pump intensity.
- RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 16 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:335576 HCAPLUS
- DN 135:113646
- TI A new nonlinear optical borate crystal Na3La2(BO3)3
- AU Zhang, Guochun; Wu, Yicheng; Fu, Peizhen; Wang, Guofu; Pan, Shilie; Chen, Chuangtian
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Chemistry Letters (2001), (5), 456-457 CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
- PB Chemical Society of Japan
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A new nonlinear optical (NLO) borate crystal
  Na3La2(BO3)3 (sodium lanthanum borate, NLBO) has been discovered. The
  bar-shaped crystal with sizes up to 8.times.3.times.2 mm3 was
  grown by the Top-Seeded Soln. Growth (TSSG) method using Na2CO3-H3BO3-NaF
  as fluxes. The measurement of the IR spectrum indicated that the basic
  anionic group is the BO3 group. Furthermore, NLBO crystal
  exhibits an optical second harmonic generation effect about
  twice as large as that of KDP(KH2PO4).
- RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 17 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:267522 HCAPLUS
- DN 135:99467
- TI Growth of a new nonlinear optical crystal Ba2Be2B2O7 by TSSG method
- AU Qi, Hua; Chen, Chuangtian
- CS Fujian Institute of Research on the structure of Matter, Beijing Center for Crystal Research and Development, The Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou, 350002, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Chemistry Letters (2001), (4), 352-353 CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
- PB Chemical Society of Japan
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A new nonlinear optical Ba2Be2B2O7 crystal

was grown by top-seeded soln. growth method using BaB2O4-BaCO3-NaF fluxes. The DTA curve and a typical angle-tuned curve of Ba2Be2B2O7 crystal were also studied. The measured UV absorption edge of the title crystal is .apprx.215 nm. THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 10 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L25 ANSWER 18 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:876973 HCAPLUS AN 134:49015 DN UV radiation optical apparatus ΤI Wada, Hiroyuki; Oka, Michio; Tazuki, Koichi ΙN Sony Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. PA SO CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent Japanese FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO. -----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ A2 20001215 JP 1999-161253 19990608 JP 2000347234 19990608 PRAI JP 1999-161253 The app. comprises: (1) an air-tight encasement; (2) a pair of input and output windows passing through the UV radiation; (3) a pair of half mirrors and a pair of reflecting mirrors; (4) a nonlinear optical crystal; and (5) a gas inlet for a dry air contg. H2O < 5,000 ppm. L25 ANSWER 19 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:701099 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 134:172184 Hydrothermal synthesis, characterization and nonlinear ТΙ optical effect of orthorhombic phase Ca2B6011.cntdot.H20 Guo, Fan; Fu, Peizhen; Wang, Junxin; Liu, Feng; Yang, Zhiping; Wu, Yicheng ΑU Department of Earth and Space Sciences, University of Science and CS Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, Peop. Rep. China Chinese Science Bulletin (2000), 45(19), 1756-1760 SO CODEN: CSBUEF; ISSN: 1001-6538 PΒ Science in China Press DT Journal LA English Hydrothermal treatment of CaO and boric acid mixts. at AΒ 234-300.degree. produced a colorless, transparent, orthorhombic compd. Ca2B6011.cntdot.H2O. Of the seven known members of hydrated dicalcium hexaborate contg. B-O six-membered ring anionic group (B3O8), only the title compd. has the, nonlinear optical effect. The 2nd harmonic generation (SHG) effect of its crystal is larger than that of KH2PO4 (KDP). The reflection spectrum showed that this compd. has no absorption in the exptl. wavelength range (800-240 nm). Its crystal structure is favorable for generating the nonlinear optical effect. THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RELCNT 9 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 20 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L25 2000:658928 HCAPLUS ΑN 133:353772 DN The influence of different remelting conditions on the transparency and TΤ

optical properties of borate glass incorporated with .beta.-BaB2O4

Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Cheng Kung

Tsai, Y. E.; Chang, Y. H.; Lo, K. Y.

ΑU

CS

105-112

University, Tainan, Taiwan Materials Science & Engineering, A: Structural Materials: Properties, SO Microstructure and Processing (2000), A293(1-2), 229-234 CODEN: MSAPE3; ISSN: 0921-5093 Elsevier Science S.A. PΒ DT Journal English LA The fabrication of transparent B2O3-based glasses contg. nonlinear AB optical crystals of .beta.-BaB204 particles by the incorporation method was studied. Some properties such as refractive index, n, second harmonic generation (SHG) efficiency and elec. resistance of the remelted glasses were measured. Tg and Tx were decreased by the addn. of BBO particles. A small difference in the refractive index between matrix glasses and incorporated crystals is a significant reason for the transparency. The best efficiency for SHG was 10% of the BBO crystal for the sample remelted by mixing the 40BaO-30B2O3-25SiO2-5K2O (GPII) glass and 15 wt.% BBO content at 960.degree.C for 3 min. RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L25 ANSWER 21 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2000:513982 HCAPLUS 133:96583 DN TΙ Nonlinear optical crystal Ba2Be2B207 Chen, Chuangtian; Qi, Hua; Zeng, Wenhua; Wu, Baichang; Wang, Yebin ΙN Fujian Matter-Structure Institute, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 12 pp. SO CODEN: CNXXEV DT Patent Chinese FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ CN 1225952 A CN 1076054 B CN 1998-104744 19980211 19990818 PΙ В 20011212 PRAI CN 1998-104744 19980211 Barium beryllium borate nonlinear optical crystals with unit cell parameters of the crystal are a = b = 8.2892 .ANG., c = 8.0482 .ANG., .alpha. = .beta. = 90.degree., .gamma. = 120.degree., cell vol. V = 479.4 .ANG.3, and Z = 3 are described. The crystals may be prepd. using a seed crystal from a melt of Ba2Be2B2O7 (prepd. from BaCO3, H3BO3, and BeO by high temp. solid phase reaction) 9-16, BaO 52-59, and B2O3 30-33 mol; dilg. agent of NaF is also used, and its addn. is about 20% of the raw material. The growing temp. is 1020-1060.degree., crystal rotary speed 10-20 rpm, and cooling speed 1-2.degree.d-1. The crystal can be used in harmonic generators, optical waveguide devices, etc. ANSWER 22 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L25 2000:390755 HCAPLUS ΑN 133:96442 DN TΙ Experimental demonstration of the relative phase operator Trifonov, Alexei; Tsegaye, Tedros; Bjork, Gunnar; Soderholm, Jonas; Goobar, Edgard; Atature, Mete; Sergienko, Alexander V. ΑU Department of Electronics, Royal Institute of Technology (KTH), Kista, CS SE-164 40, Swed. SO Journal of Optics B: Quantum and Semiclassical Optics (2000), 2(2),

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CODEN: JOBOFD; ISSN: 1464-4266
     Institute of Physics Publishing
PΒ
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
     The authors have exptl. demonstrated a realization of the 2-mode relative
AΒ
     phase operator introduced by Luis and Sanchez-Soto. The relative phase
     distribution function was measured for a weakly excited relative phase
     eigenstate and weakly excited 2-mode coherent states. The expt. is also
     (using the eigenstates) a demonstration of Heisenberg-limited
     interferometry.
              THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 36
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L25 ANSWER 23 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2000:140446 HCAPLUS
DN
     132:286054
     Helium ion-implanted planar waveguide in Y-cut and Z-cut .beta.-BBO
ΤI
     (BaB2O4)
     Boudrioua, A.; Moretti, P.; Loulerque, J. C.; Polgar, K.
ΑU
     Centre Lorrain d'Optique et d'Electronique des Solides (CLOES),
CS
     Laboratoire Materiaux Optiques a Proprietes Specifiques (M.O.P.S),
     Universite de Metz et Supelec, Metz, Fr.
     Optical Materials (Amsterdam) (2000), 14(1), 31-39
SO
    CODEN: OMATET; ISSN: 0925-3467
PB
    Elsevier Science B.V.
DT
    Journal
LA
    Enalish
AΒ
     Waveguides are formed in beta metaborate (.beta.-BBO) single
     crystals by He+ ion implantation. Both Y-cut and Z-cut samples
     are used. Refractive index profiles no and ne are reconstructed from the
     effective indexes measured by dark-line mode spectroscopy and by using an
     iWKB method. The profiles show a step-like guiding region.
     Optical barriers with depth to .DELTA.ne = 0.04 and .DELTA.no =
     0.1 for Y-cut and .DELTA.ne = 0.08 and .DELTA.no = 0.05 for Z-cut sample
     are, resp., obtained. The index changes obsd. in the electronic
     interaction region are small, 0.3 .times. 10-2 for no in both
     crystal cuts and -0.1 .times. 10-2 and -0.8 .times. 10-2 for ne in
     Y-cut and Z-cut, resp. This is to knowledge the 1st report on
     optical waveguide characterization in this important
    nonlinear material.
RE.CNT 40
             THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L25 ANSWER 24 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     2000:21873 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     132:71112
ΤI
     Origin of the large nonlinear optical coefficients in
     bismuth borate BiB306
   . Xue, D.; Betzler, K.; Hesse, H.; Lammers, D.
ΑU
     Fachbereich Physik, Univ. Osnabruck, Osnabruck, D-49069, Germany
CS
     Physica Status Solidi A: Applied Research (1999), 176(2), R1-R2
     CODEN: PSSABA; ISSN: 0031-8965
PΒ
     Wiley-VCH Verlag Berlin GmbH
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
     The chem. bond parameters and their contributions to the nonlinear
     optical susceptibility of monoclinic BiB306 were computed.
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results were summarized and interpreted.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L25 ANSWER 25 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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AN 1999:518341 HCAPLUS

DN 131:151463

TI CsB305 crystal and its nonlinear optical devices

IN Wu, Yicheng; Sasaki, Takatomo

PA University of Science and Technology of China, Peop. Rep. China

SO U.S., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 310,471, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 5940417	Α	19990817	US 1995-573598	19951215
	CN 1073729	A	19930630	CN 1992-102773	19920423
	CN 1027514	В	19950125		
	US 5381754	A	19950117	US 1993-51445	19930423
PRAI	CN 1992-102773		19920423		
	US 1993-51445		19930423		
	US 1994-310471		19940922		

AB Nonlinear optical devices in which an input beam results in an output beam having a different frequency (e.g., frequency doublers) are described which employ CsB305 single crystals with a monoclinic grown cryst. structure comprising a seed crystal of CsB305 and a cryst. compd. consisting of a mixt. of a cesium salt with B2O3 in an amt. to make the mole ratio of Cs20 to B2O3 be 1:3.

RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L25 ANSWER 26 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1999:509536 HCAPLUS

DN 131:222543

TI A new layered lead hexaborate with branched radicals Pb[B6O1O(OH).B2O(OH)4]: structures of the new borate, strontioborite, tunellite (nobleite), strontioginorite (ginorite, volkovite), aristarainite, and mcallisterite as representatives of the OD family

AU Belokoneva, E. L.; Korchemkina, T. A.; Dimitrova, O. V.

CS Mosk. Gos. Univ. im. M.V. Lomonosova, Moscow, Russia

SO Zhurnal Neorganicheskoi Khimii (1999), 44(6), 951-962 CODEN: ZNOKAQ; ISSN: 0044-457X

PB MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DT Journal

LA Russian

Optical material was prepd., having the formula PbB8011(OH)4 or Pb[B6010(OH).B2O(OH)3] (I). I is monoclinic, space group P21/n, Z = 1, a 7.911(5), b 9.979(6), c 14.030(10). ANG., .beta. 90.36(5).degree., R = 0.0458, Rw = 0.0511. I is a layered hexaborate with branched radicals. The OD (order-disorder) theory of K. Dornberger-Schiff (1964) on the OD groupoid family was used to describe the commonness and the difference of the structure of the new family of borates, including I, strontioborite SrB8011(OH)4, tunellite SrB609(OH)2.3H2O and its Ca analog nobleite, strontioginorite (Sr,Ca)2B14020(OH)6.5H2O and its Ca- and Sr-analogs ginorite and volkovite, aristarainite NaMgB12016(OH)8.H2O and mcallisterite MgB608(OH)4.5.5H2O.

L25 ANSWER 27 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1999:306230 HCAPLUS

DN 131:51593

- TI Spatial-temporal wave mixing for space-time conversion
- AU Marom, Dan M.; Panasenko, Dmitriy; Sun, Pang-Chen; Fainman, Yeshaiahu
- CS Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California, San Diego, CA, 92093-0407, USA
- SO Optics Letters (1999), 24(8), 563-565 CODEN: OPLEDP; ISSN: 0146-9592
- PB Optical Society of America
- DT Journal
- LA English
- A nonlinear optical processor that is capable of true real-time conversion of spatial-domain images to ultrafast time-domain optical waveforms is presented. The method is based on 4-wave mixing between the optical waves of spectrally decompd. ultrashort pulses and spatially Fourier-transformed quasi-monochromatic images. To achieve efficient wave mixing at a femtosecond rate the authors use a cascaded 2nd-order nonlinearity arrangement in a .beta.-Ba borate crystal II phase matching. The authors use this ultrafast technique to exptl. generate several complex-amplitude temporal waveforms, with efficiency .ltoreq.10%, by virtue of the cascaded nonlinearity arrangement.
- RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 28 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1999:184367 HCAPLUS
- DN 130:303683
- TI A new class of nonlinear optical crystals R2CaB10019(RCB)
- AU Wu, Yicheng; Liu, Jianguo; Fu, Peizhen; Wang, Junxing; Guo, Fan; Zhao, Guiwen; Qin, Jingui; Chen, Chuangtian
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui, 230026, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (1998), 3556(Electro-Optic and Second Harmonic Generation Materials, Devices, and Applications II), 8-13 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
- PB SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Mixed borates of rare-earth elements and Ca R2CaB10019 (R represents rare-earth element) were identified in the system R2O3-CaO-B2O3. These isostructural compds. exhibit a powder 2nd harmonic generation (SHG) effect about twice larger than that of KDP (KH2PO4). The crystal structure of La2CaB10019 (LCB), one member of the RCB family, was detd. by single crystal x-ray diffraction anal. The compd. crystallizes in the monoclinic system, space group C2, with a 11.043(3), b 6.563(2), c 9.129(2) .ANG., .alpha. = .gamma. 90..degree., .beta. 91.47.degree., and two formula units per cell. LCB melts congruently with a m.p. of 1065 .+-. 2.degree.. Single crystals of LCB and Nd doped LCB in centimeter size were grown from the stoichiometric melt. The preliminary results on properties of LCB are presented.
- RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 29 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1999:106576 HCAPLUS
- DN 130:189024
- TI Exceptional large nonlinear optical coefficients in the monoclinic bismuth borate BiB306 (BIBO)
- AU Hellwig, H.; Liebertz, J.; Bohaty, L.

- CS Institute of Crystallography, University of Cologne, Cologne, D-50674, Germany
- SO Solid State Communications (1998), Volume Date 1999, 109(4), 249-251 CODEN: SSCOA4; ISSN: 0038-1098
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The monoclinic BiB306 (space group C2) was grown from stoichiometric melts in single crystals of dimensions up to 5.times.4.times.2 cm in optical quality. We have detd. all independent nonlinear optical coeffs. of 2nd harmonic generation (SHG) dijkSHG for the fundamental .lambda.0 = 1079.5 nm. The complete detn. of a dijkSHG tensor in crystals of monoclinic or lower symmetry was not published to our knowledge yet. Linear optical investigations indicate a wide range of wavelengths for phase matchable processes. The highest deff we found along the phase matched direction of SHG at 1079.5 nm is 3.2 pm/V. This value is larger than that of many other substances, such as KTiOPO4 or .beta.-BaB2O4, being widely used in applications.
- RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 30 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1999:88199 HCAPLUS
- DN 130:229549
- TI Tunable visible and NIR parametric amplifiers at 1 kHz and pulse lengths down to  $10~\mathrm{fs}$
- AU Lochbrunner, S.; Wilhelm, T.; Piel, J.; Huppmann, P.; Sporlein, S.; Riedle, E.
- CS Institut fur Medizinische Optik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universitat Munchen, Munchen, D-80538, Germany
- SO Springer Series in Chemical Physics (1998), 63(Ultrafast Phenomena XI), 57-59
  CODEN: SSCPDA; ISSN: 0172-6218
- PB Springer-Verlag
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Non-collinear phase matching in a type I BBO optical parametric amplifier seeded by a high quality continuum is shown to produce pulses at 470 to 730 nm center wavelength with lengths down to 10 fs. Type II phase matching allows to access the 700 to 1100 nm range. The amplification preserves the phase of the seed light even at high efficiency. For characterization of the ultrashort visible pulses a SiC photodiode is superior to thin nonlinear crystals.
- RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L25 ANSWER 31 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1998:781918 HCAPLUS
- DN 130:131379
- TI Thin interference films for nonlinear crystals
- AU Levchuk, Elena A.; Novopashin, Vladimir V.; Shestakov, Alexander V.
- CS Polyus Research & Development Institute, Moscow, 17342, Russia
- SO Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (1998), 3413(Materials Modification by Ion Irradiation), 245-251 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
- PB SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The technol. of obtaining the interference coatings for the nonlinear crystals has some peculiarities depending on the specific properties of these crystals. Temp., pressure of

reactive gas and energy of charged particles do not affect principally the optical properties of the nonlinear crystals. The various aspects of thin dielec. films for crystals (KTP, TeO2, LBO, BBO, LiIO3, LiTaO3, LiNbO3, KDP, DKDP) are presented. are calcn. of the optimum structure of the optical coating for specific spectral region, obtaining the required parameters of the films having the optical properties that would not impair the own properties of the crystal as well as study of the optical parameters. As a rule, the coatings of these crystals are antireflective (AR) but in specific cases they are high reflective (HR) mirrors or cut-off filters. The effect of ion cleaning and assistance was studied to improve adhesion of the evapd. materials. This concerns specifically the crystals that could be coated without heating in a vacuum chamber. As the result of this work the various types of the interference coatings were obtained. There are the AR coating at a single wavelength in the spectral range of 0.24...1.5 .mu.m, the broad-band AR coatings, the AR coating with 2 AR spectral regions simultaneously.

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 9 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L25 ANSWER 32 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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- 1998:579626 HCAPLUS ΑN
- DN 129:279674
- Fabrication of transparent borate glasses containing .beta.-BaB2O4 by TΙ incorporation method
- Tsai, Y. E.; Chang, Y. H. ΑU
- Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Cheng Kung CS
- University, Tainan, Taiwan Materials Science & Engineering, A: Structural Materials: Properties, SO Microstructure and Processing (1998), A251(1-2), 129-134 CODEN: MSAPE3; ISSN: 0921-5093
- Elsevier Science S.A. PΒ
- $\mathsf{DT}$ Journal
- English LA
- The fabrication of transparent B2O3-based glasses contg. non-AΒ linear optical .beta.-BaB2O4 (BBO) cryst. particles by incorporation method was studied. The BBO particles with a diam. of about 10 .mu.m has been successfully incorporated into BaO-B2O3-SiO2 glasses by adjusting the melting temp., soaking time and the amt. of BBO. The .beta.-phase could be transformed to .alpha.-phase when the remelting time and/or temp. was increased. A small difference in the refractive index n, between matrix glasses and incorporated crystals, is a significant reason for the transparency. The refractive index of the remelted sample was independent of particle size, and was increased by adding more contents of BBO. Moreover, the best efficiency for second harmonic generation (SHG) was 2.5% of the BBO crystal.
- THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 11 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- ANSWER 33 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L25
- 1997:349791 HCAPLUS ΑN
- DN 127:12483
- Structure and properties of the noncentrosymmetric oxide borate ΤI K2Ga20(BO3)2
- ΑU Smith, Robert W:; Kennard, Mark A.; Dudik, Matthew J.
- Department of Physics, University of Nebraska at Omaha, Omaha, NE, CS 68182-0266, USA
- Materials Research Bulletin (1997), 32(6), 649-656 SO CODEN: MRBUAC; ISSN: 0025-5408

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Elsevier
PB
    Journal
DT
    English
LA
    Crystals of a new, noncentrosym. oxide, orthoborate were grown,
AB
     and the structure of the material was detd. by x-ray diffraction
     techniques. The material crystallizes in the space group P321.
     The structure consists of a continuous, three-dimensional Ga borate
     framework with channels that run parallel to the [001] direction wherein
     the K atoms are located. The triangular orthoborate groups and the
     trigonal bases of the Ga-centered tetrahedra form two-dimensional layers
     through Ga-O-B linkages; these layers are parallel to (001) planes.
     Ga-O-Ga linkages interconnect adjacent layers to complete the
     three-dimensional framework. Use as a nonlinear optical
     material is unlikely because of nonoptimal alignment of the triangular
     orthoborate groups.
L25 ANSWER 34 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    1997:281289 HCAPLUS
AN
    126:284999
DN
    Nonlinear optical material showing high SHG activity
ΤI
    and its manufacture
    Yamada, Kazuhiro
ΙN
    Mitsui Petrochemical Ind, Japan
PA
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DΤ
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
PI JP 09061864 A2 19970307 JP 1995-215963 19950824 AB The material, represented to 2
FAN.CNT 1
     The material, represented by BaAl2B2O7 without a center symmetry, is
     manufd. by crystal growth using BaCO3, Al2O3, and H3BO3
     (anhydride) as sources. The growth may be performed by melt
     solidification from a (compacted) mixed powder of above sources or by
     firing the powder at 900-940.degree.. The sources may be Ba aluminate and
     H3BO3 (anhydride).
L25 ANSWER 35 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1997:243731 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     126:231331
    Cesium borate-based nonlinear optical material and its
ΤI
     manufacture by crystal growth
     Yamada, Kazuhiro
ΙN
    Mitsui Petrochemical Ind, Japan
PΑ
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
     _____
PI JP 09033964 A2 19970207
PRAI JP 1995-179201 19950714
                                          JP 1995-179201 19950714
     The material comprises KCsB6010 or RbCsB6010. The material is manufd. by
     crystal growth from (A) a carbonate or borate of K or Rb, (B) a
     carbonate or borate of Cs, and (C) boric acid or
     anhyd. boric acid. The material showed high 2nd
     harmonic generation.
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L25 ANSWER 36 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    1996:205046 HCAPLUS
ΑN
    124:274074
DN
    Semi-organic crystals for nonlinear optical
ΤI
    Cunningham, Patricia H.; Warren, Leslie F., Jr.; Marcy, Henry O.; Rosker,
IN
     Rockwell International Corp., USA
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
     Patent
DΤ
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
     _____
                                          -----
                    A1 19960124
    EP 693704
                                          EP 1995-109113 19950613
PΙ
                     B1 20020828
     EP 693704
        R: DE, FR, GB
                            19961203
                                          US 1994-278741
                                                            19940722
     US 5581010 A
                     A2 19960227
                                           JP 1995-184266
                                                            19950720
     JP 08054654
                            19940722
PRAI US 1994-278741 A
    Nonlinear optical materials include a noncentrosym.
     crystal of an anionic boron complex salt contg. a cation and at
     least one org. ligand coordinated to a boron atom. The nonlinear
     optical crystal may consist of a compd. having the
     formula A[BC2] where A is a monocation, B is boron, and C is the org.
     ligand, or a compd. having the formula A[BC2]2 where A is a dication, B is
     boron, and C is the org. ligand. The org. ligands may also be org. mols.
     having .alpha.-dihydroxy functionalities. The org. ligands may be
     selected from the group consisting of .alpha.-hydroxy carboxylic acids and
     1,2-diols or from the group consisting of D-malic acid, D-lactic acid,
     D-tartaric acid, dimethyl-D-tartrate, diethyl-D-tartrate, L-malic acid,
     L-lactic acid, L-tartaric acid, dimethyl-L-tartrate, diethyl-L-tartrate,
     and ethylene glycol. The anionic boron complex may be selected from the
     group consisting of boro-di(L-malate), boro-di(L-tartrate),
     boro-di(L-lactate), boro-di-(diethyl-L-tartrate), boro-di(dimethyl-L-
     tartrate), boro-di-(D-malate), boro-di(D-tartrate), boro-di(D-lactate),
    boro-di-(diethyl-D-tartrate), boro-di(dimethyl-D-tartrate) and boro-di(ethylene glycolate). The cation may be selected from the group consisting of alkali metals, alk. earth metals, ammonium ions, and Group
     IIB dications. The cation may be further selected from the group
     consisting of lithium, sodium, potassium, and ammonium NH4+ ion, the
     quanidinium C(NBH2)3+ ion, calcium, and zinc. Nonlinear
     optical devices (e.g., electrooptical modulators) employing the
     materials are are also described.
L25 ANSWER 37 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1996:164150 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     124:215638
     Method for wavelength conversion using BBO crystal and apparatus
TΙ
     therefrom
     Yamato, Soichi; Taira, Yoichi
ΙN
     Ibm, Japan
PΑ
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN. CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                           -----
                                           _____
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                     ____
     JP 08006082
                     A2
                            19960112
                                          JP 1994-137046
                                                            19940620
PΙ
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PRAI JP 1994-137046
                           19940620
     A wavelength converter comprising an optical nonlinear
     crystal, such as BBO, disposed in an optical resonator
     for the enhancement of the conversion efficiency, wherein the fundamental
     wave resonance frequency of the resonator is controlled by the elec. field
     applied to the optical nonlinear crystal.
L25 ANSWER 38 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    1996:5864 HCAPLUS
ΑN
    124:40972
DN
    Nonlinear optical crystal device
TΤ
     Sotozaki, Minehiro; Wada, Hiroyuki
TN
     Sony Corp, Japan
PΑ
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
DT
    Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
     _____
PI JP 07244310 A2 19950919 JP 1995-3280 US 5581395 A 19961203 US 1995-369767 PRAI JP 1994-1467 19940112
                                                            19950112
                                           US 1995-369767 19950106
     The title device capable of generating higher order harmonics, comprising
     a nonlinear optical crystal, such as, KDP
     and BBO, having a multilayer protective film on the light incident and
     output surfaces, wherein the layer in direct contact with the
     crystal surface is prepd. by an ion plating method.
L25 ANSWER 39 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
     1995:623604 HCAPLUS
DN
     123:22803
     Crystal-pulling method for growing boron cesium oxide single
TΙ
     crystal and non-linear optical
     material-containing apparatus using same
     Wu, Yicheng; Zouzuomu, Xiaoyou
ΙN
     China University of Science and Technology, Peop. Rep. China
     Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: CNXXEV
DT
     Patent
     Chinese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
PI CN 1085612 A 19940420 CN 1992-112293 19921010
PRAI CN 1992-112293 19921010
AB The circle
     The single crystal having a desirable size is manufd. by mixing
     Cs2O and B2O3 (e.g., using Cs2CO3 or CsNO3 and H3BO3 or B2O3) having the
     mol ratio 1:3 in a platinum crucible, heating the mixed material to melt,
     lowering a seed crystal at a temp. slightly higher than the m.p.
     of B3CsO5, rotating the seed crystal at a rate <45 rpm, and
     pulling the seed crystal at a speed 0-5 mm/h. The
     optical app. uses as a nonlinear optical
     material the B3CsO5 single crystal which produces at least a
     beam of electromagnetic radiation having a frequency different from that
     of an incident radiation. The B3CsO5 single crystal shows a
     high conversion efficiency, superior in resistance to optical
     damage, and is capable of producing an UV having a wavelength as short as
     170 nm.
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selected substrates.

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1995:613081 HCAPLUS
AN
    123:22806
DN
    Crystal growth of lead-containing .beta.-barium borate
ΤI
    Inui, Takeshi; Yahashi, Hideo
IN
PA
    Ibiden Co Ltd, Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                   KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                          _____
     _____
    JP 07089796 A2 19950404
                                         JP 1993-238040 19930924
                          19930924
PRAI JP 1993-238040
    The crystal .beta.-(Ba,Pb)B2O4 is grown by pptg.
     (Ba, Pb) B2O4.cntdot.4H2O from H3BO3, BaCl2.cntdot.2 H2O, and PbCl2,
     sintering into (Ba, Pb) B204 materials, and crystal growth by
    drawing method. The crystal is useful as nonlinear
    optical materials.
L25 ANSWER 41 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
    1993:112394 HCAPLUS
ΑN
    118:112394
DN
    Sol-gel derived .beta.-BBO thin film
ΤI
    Nie, Wenjiang; Lurin, Christian; Paz-Pujalt, Gustavo R.
ΑU
    Res. Technol. Cent., Kodak-Pathe, Chalon sur Saone, 71102, Fr.
CS
     Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering
SO
     (1992), 1758(Sol-Gel Opt. II), 284-91
     CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
     .beta.-BaB2O4(.beta.-BBO) is known as one of the best inorg.
AΒ
     nonlinear crystals. It is now widely used for frequency
     doubling, frequency mixing in the UV range and optical
     parametric oscillation in the UV and near-IR regions. To put this
     material into thin film form would make it very attractive for integrated
     optical devices. Vacuum deposition techniques are not suitable
     for the fabrication of borates thin films due to the difficult evapn. or
     sputtering of oxides based on light elements. The low processing temp. of
     the sol-gel method allows the formation of stoichiometric and expected
     oxygen coordination of BaB2O4 in liq. phase. .beta.-BBO thin film has
     been successfully prepd. by the sol-gel method through hydrolysis of
     barium and boron alkoxides. The accomplishment of hydrolysis is found to
     be essential for the removal of residual org. at high temps. The choice
     of precursors, hydrolysis ratio, and thermal treatments have crit.
     influences on the formation, the morphol. and the nucleation of .beta.-BBO
     phase of the film. The undesirable interaction between the film and the
     substrate limits the formation of .beta.-BBO polycryst. film to only few
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- L28 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1998:694043 HCAPLUS
- DN 129:348837
- TI A new nonlinear optical borate crystal K2Al2B2O7 (KAB)
- AU Hu, Zhang-Gui; Higashiyama, Tetsuji; Yoshimura, Masashi; Yap, Yoke Khin; Mori, Yusuke; Sasaki, Takatomo
- CS Department of Electrical Engineering, Osaka University, Osaka, 565-0871, Japan
- Japanese Journal of Applied Physics, Part 2: Letters (1998), 37(10A), L1093-L1094 CODEN: JAPLD8; ISSN: 0021-4922
- PB Japanese Journal of Applied Physics
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A new nonlinear optical (NLO) borate crystal K2Al2B2O7 (K Al Borate, KAB) was discovered. The structure was established by 4-axis x-ray diffraction methods. The material crystallizes in the trigonal space group P321 with a 8.5657(9) .ANG., C = 8.463(2) .ANG. and Z = 3. KAB possesses a space arrangement similar to Sr2Be2B2O7 (SBBO). A KAB crystal with a dimensions of 30 x 15 x 1 mm3 was grown using the Top-Seeded Soln. Growth (TSSG) method. The optical properties of KAB were measured.
- RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L28 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1980:536626 HCAPLUS
- DN 93:136626
- TI Unusual properties of iron ion clusters in high-boron glasses
- AU Kornilova, E. E.; Petrovskii, G. T.; Stepanov, S. A.
- CS USSR
- SO Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR (1980), 251(2), 409-13 [Chem. Tech.] CODEN: DANKAS; ISSN: 0002-3264
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- The formation of Fe3+ ion clusters in K Al borate glasses contg. .gtoreq.75 mol% B2O3 was detected by the extreme increase in the absorption band intensity of Fe3+. Tests were made with glasses K2O.xAI2O3.(100 2x)B2O3.1.5Fe2O3, where x = 12.5, 10.0, and 7.5 mol%. The glasses were melted in quartz crucibles at 1300.degree. from a charge of KNO3, Al2O3, and H3BO3 and subsequently heat-treated at 440-750.degree. for 3 h. Large clusters of unusual Fe3+ complexes -Fe-O-Fe- with an av. of 4.6 Fe3+ in each cluster were obsd. in the heat-treated glasses. The high stability of the magnetic and optical properties of the glasses was attributed to the const. size and structure of Fe3+ clusters in a wide temp. range.